Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Commissioners of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System Morrisville, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System (the "Commission") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2007, on our consideration of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, bond resolutions, contracts, compact and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Management's discussion and analysis, as shown on pages 3-6, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of management's discussion and analysis. However, we did not audit the information, and we express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System taken as a whole. The supplementary schedules on pages 24-32 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Curific Public According

June 13, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System (the "Commission"), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission's fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audited financial statements and supplementary information as a whole.

Financial Highlights

Total toll revenues for the Commission totaled \$80,153,960 for the year ended December 31, 2006, which represents an increase of 0.92% over the previous year. The increase in 2006 is the result of a 2.79% increase in total toll traffic.

In 2006, net operating revenues totaled \$39,114,254 and change in net assets totaled \$29,903,137, as compared to \$42,574,606 and \$29,379,377, respectively, for 2005.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's financial statements, which are comprised of the financial statements, the notes to the financial statements and certain required supplementary information. The supplementary information includes schedules of operations, expenses, cash and equivalent balances, investments and traffic and revenues.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad understanding of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to that provided in the financial statements of private-sector businesses.

The statements of net assets present information on the Commission's assets and liabilities at December 31, 2006 and 2005, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating. At December 31, 2006, the Commission's net assets equaled \$346,667,833, as compared to \$316,764,696 in 2005 - an increase of 9.4%. Net assets increase when revenues exceed expenses.

The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets present information showing how net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods or for items that have resulted in cash flows in previous periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial presentation.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning expenses, investments and traffic.

Financial Analysis

Commission assets, consisting of restricted and unrestricted assets, totaled \$549.931.676. Unrestricted current assets, totaling \$12,249,436 (an increase of \$2,684,465, or 28.07%). represents cash in the operating accounts, cash equivalent investments and E-ZPass toll receivables. These unrestricted assets will be used to pay current expenses, to pay current debt service or to be transferred to the general reserve fund. Restricted assets, totaling \$534,183,444, are broken into two categories. Restricted current assets of \$68,520,697 increased 101.85% from the previous year end as a result of changes in investment security maturity terms. Total noncurrent assets totaled \$469,161,543, which represents a decrease of \$11,351,077, or 2.36%, from the 2005 year-end balance. Restricted cash and investments totaling \$260,505,076, which represents an increase of \$17,407,345, or 7.16%, from the previous year, are restricted under the Trust Indenture, to be used only for purposes listed on pages 11-12 of this report. Capital assets totaling \$269,372,685 consist of land, infrastructure and equipment with an original value of approximately \$441.7 million less accumulated depreciation of approximately \$172.3 million. The land and infrastructure consist of twenty bridge crossings and related access roads spread over a 140-mile-long stretch of the Delaware River extending from Trenton, New Jersey north to Milford, Pennsylvania/Montague, New Jersey.

At December 31, 2006, the Commission had current and non-current liabilities of \$203,263,843, with the majority related to its series 2003 and 2005A bond issues, which represents a decrease of \$3,995,900 from 2005. The purpose of the 2003 issue was for the current refunding of the 1992 series, refunding of the 2002 Bond Anticipation Notes, financing of the first portion of the Commission's ten-year capital program, and related bond-issuance cost. The purpose of the 2005A issue was for the refunding of \$32,165,000 of the 2003 series bonds and the financing of the Commission's \$40 million Compact Authorized Investment program.

The following table contains condensed financial information derived from the December 31, 2006 and 2005 financial statements of the Commission:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis (Continued)

	2006	2005
Net Assets		
Current and other assets	\$280,558,991	\$ 259,602,441
Capital assets	269,372,685	_264,421,998
Total assets	_549,931,676	524,024,439
Bond indebtedness	186,842,968	193,521,282
Other liabilities	16,420,875	13,738,461
Total liabilities	203,263,843	207,259,743
Net assets		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	193,889,970	190,394,663
Restricted	148,807,737	122,664,875
Unrestricted	3,970,126	3,705,158
Total net assets	\$346,667,833	\$316,764,696
Changes in Net Assets		
Operating revenues	\$ 80,153,960	\$ 79,421,406
Operating expenses	_(41,039,706)	(36,846,800)
Net operating revenues	39,114,254	42,574,606
Depreciation	(12,489,830)	(11,812,571)
Non-operating revenues	13,348,021	7,491,251
Non-operating expenses	(10,069,308)	(8,873,909)
Change in net assets	29,903,137	29,379,377
Net assets, beginning of year	316,764,696	287,385,319
Net assets, end of year	\$346,667,833	<u>\$316,764,696</u>

Significant Events

In December 2001, the Commission approved a plan that provides major bridge rehabilitation, bridge enhancement, and installation of E-ZPass and other traffic management systems, as well as state-of-the-art bridge security and surveillance.

A toll rate structure was approved by the Commission to fund its Capital Improvement Program for system protection, preservation, management and enhancement of the Commission's infrastructure including twenty bridges, seven toll plazas and administration and maintenance facilities that it owns, operates and maintains, as well as operating expenses for the Commission.

The Capital Improvement Program continues to evolve as the need for additional projects are identified, program costs are re-evaluated and the Commission undertakes new initiatives to fund transportation infrastructure programs in bridge host communities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Significant Events (Continued)

The Commission has maintained more than adequate debt service coverage on its 2003 and 2005 bonds as well as the minimum balance required under the 2003 and 2005 bond indentures.

However, in order to fund the Capital Improvement Program as presently contemplated, the Commission anticipates issuing \$300 million in additional bonds in 2007. Truck toll adjustments planned by the Commission will provide sufficient funds to adequately maintain the Capital Improvement Program at its current level.

Summary of Cash Flows	2006	2005
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 41,214,970	\$ 42,510,702
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	9,787,380	(69,875,194)
Cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities	(15,068,209)	29,934,851
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	35,934,141	2,570,359
Cash and equivalents, beginning of the year	35,699,126	33,128,767
Cash and equivalents, end of the year	<u>\$ 71,633,267</u>	<u>\$_35,699,126</u>

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS

	Decen	nber 31,
	2006	2005
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Unrestricted		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 5,116,204	\$ 3,143,099
Other assets	2,005,226	1,929,204
E-ZPass clearing account	5,128,006	4,492,668
Total Unrestricted	12,249,436	9,564,971
Restricted		
Cash and equivalents	66,517,063	32,556,027
Accrued interest on investments	1,836,112	1,223,299
Bond issuance costs - current portion	167,522	167,522
Total Restricted	68,520,697	33,946,848
Total Current Assets	80,770,133	43,511,819
Non-Current Assets		- +5,511,819
Unrestricted		
Investments	2 400 706	2 106 217
Restricted	3,498,796	3,106,217
Investments	102 000 012	010 641 704
	193,988,013	210,541,704
Bond issuance costs - long-term portion Capital assets	2,302,049	2,442,701
Total Restricted	269,372,685	264,421,998
	465,662,747	477,406,403
Total Non-Current Assets	469,161,543	480,512,620
Total Assets	<u>\$549,931,676</u>	<u>\$524,024,439</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 6,720,609	\$ 4,354,078
E-ZPass customer accounts	3,184,257	
Accrued interest on bond indebtedness	4,642,769	2,748,815
Compensated absences - current portion		4,772,431
Bridge system revenue bonds, series 2003 and 2005A - current	120,000	120,000
portion	£ 69£ 202	5 400 202
Premium on bonds - current portion	5,685,393	5,420,393
Total Current Liabilities	1,167,663	1,073,612
Non-Current Liabilities	21,520,691	18,489,329
Compensated absences	1 77 5 2 4 6	
	1,753,240	1,743,137
Bridge system revenue bonds, series 2003 and 2005A	174,441,537	180,126,929
Premium on bonds - long-term portion	5,548,375	6,900,348
Total Non-Current Liabilities	181,743,152	188,770,414
Total Liabilities Net Assets	203,263,843	207,259,743
	102 000 0=0	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	193,889,970	190,394,663
Restricted	148,807,737	122,664,875
Unrestricted	3,970,126	3,705,158
Total Net Assets	346,667,833	316,764,696
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$549,931,676</u>	<u>\$524,024,439</u>

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	
Operating Revenues			
Toll bridge operations			
Cash toll revenues, net	\$ 32,713,985	\$ 35,664,785	
E-ZPass revenues, net	47,296,858	43,619,719	
Miscellaneous revenues	143,117	136,902	
Total toll revenues	80,153,960	79,421,406	
Operating Expenses			
Toll bridge operating expenses			
Operating and maintenance expenses	26,601,978	23,666,583	
Administrative expenses	7,118,477	6,737,800	
Toll-supported bridge expenses	7,319,251	6,442,417	
Total operating expenses	41,039,706	36,846,800	
Net Operating Revenues	39,114,254	42,574,606	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Investment return	11,969,547	6,261,686	
Interest on bond indebtedness	(8,316,843)	(7,926,600)	
Amortization of bond premium	1,257,922	1,182,550	
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(176,527)	(160,120)	
Amortization of loss on defeasance	(109,608)	(109,607)	
Compact Authorized Investment program	(884,386)	(107,191)	
Emergency repairs	(581,944)	(570,391)	
Depreciation	(12,489,830)	(11,812,571)	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	120,552	47,015	
Total other expenses	(9,211,117)	(13,195,229)	
Change in net assets	29,903,137	29,379,377	
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>316,764,696</u>	287,385,319	
Net assets, end of year	\$346,667,833	\$316,764,696	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended	December 31,
	2006	2005
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from toll bridges	\$ 32,713,985	\$ 35,664,785
Receipts from E-ZPass	47,096,962	43,509,316
Payments to suppliers, employees, and others	(38,739,094)	(36,800,301)
Other receipts	143,117	136,902
Net cash provided by operating activities	41,214,970	42,510,702
of operating activities		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Sales (purchases) of investments, net	16,708,201	(64,409,810)
Investment return	10,894,324	6,495,720
Compact Authorized Investment program expense	(884,386)	(107,189)
Emergency repairs	(581,944)	(570,391)
Purchases of capital assets	(16,348,815)	(11,283,524)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	9,787,380	
the easi provided by (asea in) investing activities	9,787,380	(69,875,194)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Bond proceeds, including premium	-	79,189,528
Principal paid on bond and notes indebtedness	(5,530,000)	(36,950,000)
Deposit to escrow account for interest on defeased debt	(3,330,000)	(2,611,947)
Interest paid on bond indebtedness	(9,538,209)	(7,897,454)
Bond issuance costs	(2,336,209)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(15,068,209)	(1,795,276)
The basis (asset in) provided by simulating activities	(13,008,209)	29,934,851
Net increase in cash	35,934,141	2,570,359
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	35,699,126	33,128,767
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$ 71,633,267	\$ 35,699,126
Pagangilistian of not appeting revenues to not seek associated to		
Reconciliation of net operating revenues to net cash provided by operating activities		
	A. 20.11.1	
Net operating revenues	\$ 39,114,254	\$ 42,574,606
Changes in net assets and liabilities		
Other assets	(76,022)	76,938
E-ZPass clearing account	(635,338)	(540,275)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,366,531	46,453
E-ZPass customer accounts	435,442	429,871
Compensated absences	10,103	(76,891)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 41,214,970	<u>\$ 42,510,702</u>
Non-cash investing activities		
the control of the co	¢ 460 413	e (024.024)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	<u>\$ 462,411</u>	<u>\$ (234,034)</u>
Non-cash financing activities		
Amortization of bond premium	\$ 1,257,922	\$ 1,182,550
Amortization of loss on defeasance	(109,608)	(109,607)
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(176,527)	(160,120)
Total non-cash financing activities	\$ 971,787	\$ 912,823
Total non each intuiting activities	<u> </u>	912,023

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. AUTHORIZED LEGISLATION AND NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

The Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System (the "Commission"), a body corporate and politic, was created in 1934 by a compact, subsequently amended and supplemented, between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (the "Commonwealth") and the State of New Jersey, with the approval of the Congress of the United States. The Commission is authorized and empowered, with federal government approval required in certain cases, to acquire, construct, administer, operate and maintain such bridges as the Commission deems necessary to advance the interests of the two states, to issue bonds and other obligations, and to make payment of interest thereon. The compact provides that Commission indebtedness shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability or a pledge of the faith and credit of the two states or any subdivision thereof.

In 1985, a proposed compact change was enacted and approved by the State of New Jersey that was similar to the legislation that had been enacted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in 1984. This proposed compact change received the required consent of the Congress of the United States in early 1987. The compact, as approved, required the Commission to refinance its bonded indebtedness. In addition, the Commission was obligated to assume full financial responsibility for the cost of operating and maintaining the toll-supported bridges that were financed by appropriations from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey. Accordingly, on July 1, 1987, the Commission defeased all of its then-outstanding bonded indebtedness. Due to this compact change, the accompanying financial statements include the operations of the toll-supported bridges.

The Commission has jurisdiction for vehicular and pedestrian traffic across the Delaware River between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey from the Philadelphia/Bucks County line to the New York state line. The Commission's duties include the maintenance and operation of all the bridges over the Delaware River in its jurisdiction, with the following exceptions: the New Jersey-Pennsylvania Turnpike Bridge and the Burlington-Bristol Toll Bridge, both south of Trenton, and the Dingman's Ferry Toll Bridge, which is north of the Delaware Water Gap.

Effective with the issuance of the 1988 Bridge System and I-78 Revenue Bonds and pursuant to the respective bond resolutions, the financial activity of the I-78 Bridge was previously reported separately from that of the Commission. Due to the in-substance defeasance of the 1988 Bridge System and I-78 Revenue Bonds, effective with the 1992 financial statements, the financial activity of the I-78 Bridge is included with that of the Bridge System.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared under the economic resources measurement focus, on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that are applicable to governmental proprietary-type funds. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, provides proprietary activities with a choice of authoritative guidance issued after November 30, 1989. The Commission has elected to follow GASB pronouncements exclusively after that date.

Revenues

Revenues consist primarily of cash tolls and E-ZPass revenues. Cash toll revenues are recognized as received. E-ZPass revenues are recognized when vehicles with E-ZPass utilize the Commission's toll bridges. Prepayments received from the Commission's E-ZPass customers are deferred and recognized as revenue as utilized at the Commission toll bridges. Investment income is recognized when earned.

Basis of Investments

The Commission has adopted GASB No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Under GASB No. 31, investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values, and all investments in debt securities, are reported at fair value, with gains and losses included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

Cash and Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash includes time deposits, certificates of deposit and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less. Deposits are with contracted depository banks in interest-bearing accounts, which are insured pursuant to the requirements of Act 72 of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved August 6, 1991.

Fund Groups

In accordance with the Bond Resolution relating to the Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 and Series 2005A, the Commission has established the following funds and accounts:

Construction Fund – Bond proceeds for project costs are deposited into this fund.

Revenue Fund – All revenues received by the Commission are deposited in the Revenue Fund. No later than the last business day of each month, the Commission shall withdraw from the Revenue Fund and deposit to the Operating Fund the amount equal to (i) the amount shown by the annual operating budget to be necessary to pay current expenses for the ensuing month and (ii) an amount determined by a Commission official as being reasonably necessary to pay current expenses which are expected for each month, after taking into account the amount on deposit in the Operating Account (including the amount described in clause (i) above), it being recognized that the annual operating budget may have to be amended accordingly.

Operating Account – Amounts on deposit in the Operating Account are used by the Commission to pay the Commission's operating expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Groups (Continued)

Debt Service Fund – Transfers are made from the Revenue Fund to the Debt Service Fund to provide for the debt service on all series of bonds. Payments are made from the Debt Service Fund for interest on the bonds, for principal installments on the bonds, and for the redemption price for any bonds to be redeemed.

Debt Service Reserve Fund – Transfers are made to this fund from the Revenue Fund in an amount necessary to meet the Debt Service Reserve Requirement. Amounts held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund shall be used for the purpose of paying interest on maturing principal and mandatory sinking fund redemption price of Debt Service Reserve Fund Bonds whenever and to the extent that the monies held for the credit of the Debt Service Fund shall be insufficient for such purpose.

Reserve Maintenance Fund – On or before the last business day of each month, the Commission shall transfer the amount shown in the annual capital budget for the ensuing month from the Revenue Fund to the credit of the Reserve Maintenance Fund.

General Reserve Fund – On or before the last business day of each month (or more frequently, if desired) the Commission transfers from the Revenue Fund to the credit of the General Reserve Fund any funds which a Commission official determines to be in excess of the amount required to be reserved therein for future transfers to the Debt Service Fund.

Monies in the General Reserve Fund may be expended by the Commission to restore deficiencies in any funds or accounts created under the Trust Indenture and, absent any such deficiency, for any of the following purposes, with no one item having priority over any of the others:

- (a) To purchase or redeem bonds;
- (b) To secure and pay the principal or redemption price of and any interest on any subordinated indebtedness;
- (c) To make payments into the Construction Fund:
- (d) To fund improvements, extensions and replacements of the Bridge System;
- (e) As a self-insurance reserve; or
- (f) To further any corporate purpose.

The Commission is authorized to apply monies on deposit in the General Reserve Fund for any of these purposes.

The Rebate Fund - The Rebate Fund is a trust fund, but the amounts therein do not constitute part of the trust estate, which consists of assets that secure payment of debt service on the bonds. Amounts on deposit in the Rebate Fund may be used solely to make payments to the United States of America under Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code and to pay costs related to the calculation of the amounts due. Upon satisfaction of the Commission's covenants to calculate and pay Section 148 requirements, any amounts remaining in the Rebate Fund shall be deposited in the General Reserve Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Assets

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

The net assets invested in capital assets represent the cost basis of capital assets, less the related accumulated depreciation, less the bonds outstanding and unspent bond proceeds that were used to finance the acquisition of the capital assets.

Restricted

In accordance with the terms of the bond resolution, cash and equivalents of all funds required under such bond resolution are classified as restricted assets. The amounts by which the restricted assets exceed the corresponding liabilities they will liquidate constitute restrictions of net assets, as these excesses are not available for the payment of current operating expenses. Such net assets are restricted primarily for capital projects.

Unrestricted

The unrestricted net assets represent resources available for current operating expenses in compliance with legal restrictions.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2003, are reported primarily at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The Commission capitalizes purchases of property and equipment of \$5,000 or more. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure	15-50 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Office furniture and equipment	5-7 years

The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are expensed when incurred.

Capitalization of Interest

The Commission capitalizes interest related to projects under construction. Capitalized interest amounted to \$1,091,704 and \$894,335 for 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. In addition, certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Bond Costs

Costs related to the issuance of bonds, including legal, printing and financing costs, are capitalized and amortized by the interest method over the life of the bonds until maturity.

Rounding

Some schedules in the financial statements may have dollar differences due to rounding adjustments.

C. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

General Information

The Commission's cash and equivalents and investments are summarized as follows:

	December 31.	
	2006 2005	
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 71,633,267 \$ 35,699,126	
	<u> 197,486,809</u> <u> 213,647,921</u>	
	\$ 269,120,076 \$ 249,347,047	

Investment Policy

The primary objectives of the Commission's investment policy are safety of principal, liquidity, and yield.

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments are undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservations of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective is to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk. The Commission's policies for limiting credit risk and interest rate risk are described below.

The portfolio is designed to remain sufficiently liquid to meet all requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands. Since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the portfolio consists largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets. Also, a portion of the portfolio is placed in money market mutual funds or local government investment pools, which offer same-day liquidity for short-term funds.

The investment portfolio is designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments are limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed. Securities are not permitted to be sold prior to maturity except under the following conditions:

1) A security with declining credit may be sold early to minimize loss of principal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Policy (Continued)

- 2) A security swap would improve the quality, yield, or target duration in the portfolio.
- 3) Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Commission does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Commission's cash balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	Decembe	r 31, 2006	<u>December 31, 2005</u>		
	Carrying	Bank	Carrying	Bank	
	<u>Amount</u>	Balance	Amount	<u>Balance</u>	
Amount insured by the FDIC or collateralized with securities held in its name by the	0 4.055.266	4. 5.001.000			
Commission. Amount collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the		\$ 7,001,838	\$ 2,655,614	\$ 4,388,802	
Commission's name. Uncategorized Petty cash and collectors' change	66,682,151	66,682,151	32,969,762	32,969,763	
funds	73,750 \$71,633,267	<u>\$73,683,989</u>	73,750 \$35,699,126	\$37,358,565	

Credit Risk - Investments

The Commission minimizes credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer by limiting investments to the safest type of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the Commission will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. As of December 31, 2006, the Commission's investments were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, AAA by Fitch Ratings, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The Commission historically has not experienced any credit related losses with respect to their investment in these securities. U.S. Treasury notes are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and are not subject to credit risk or custodial credit risk. The Commission's investment in the Pennsylvania Investment Fund is also excluded from credit risk and custodial credit risk as a pooled investment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

The Commission minimizes the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet any cash requirements associated with individual funds, which avoids selling the security prior to maturity. The Commission also invests operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or local government investment pools.

As of December 31, 2006, the Commission had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5		6-10	More Than 10
FHLB	\$ 80,445,864	\$ 56,567,104	\$ 23,878,760	\$	_	\$ -
FHLMC	34,903,850	18,913,710	15,990,140		_	·
FNMA	38,252,890	26,776,270	11,476,620		ų.	-
FHLMCDN	9,939,500	9,939,500	100		_	_
FNMADN	16,415,000	16,415,000	_			-
FHLBDN	16,414,000	16,414,000			-	-
PA INVEST	1,115,705	1,115,705	- ,			_
Total	<u>\$197,486,809</u>	<u>\$146,141,289</u>	\$ 51,345,520	\$	_	\$ -

As of December 31, 2005, the Commission had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	N	More Than 10
FHLB	\$ 52,655,608	\$ 21,740,830	\$ 30,914,778	\$	- \$	
FHLMC	37,134,360	19,233,790	17,900,570		-	_
FMCDN	34,884,780	34,884,780	_		-	-
FNMA	48,018,848	35,124,408	12,894,440		-	_
FHLMCDN	3,900,000	3,900,000	-		-	<u></u>
FNMADN	3,986,400	3,986,400	-		_	
FHLBDN	3,882,840	3,882,840	_		_	
FNMDM	23,191,480	23,191,480	-		_	. · · ·
FNDN	4,926,500	4,926,500	-		_	
PA INVEST	1,067,105	1,067,105_			_	
Total	<u>\$213,647,921</u>	<u>\$151,938,133</u>	\$ 61,709,788	\$	<u>- \$</u>	-

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activities for the year ended December 31, 2006, were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	December 31, 2005	Additions	Reductions	December 31, 2006
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Land	\$129,619,844	\$ -	\$ -	\$129,619,844
Infrastructure in progress	28,550,758	15,776,045	15,301,665	29,025,138
Depreciable Assets				
Bridges/road network	240,740,968	15,479,973	_	256,220,941
Equipment	25,855,116	1,486,164	489,562	26,851,718
Total at Historical Cost	424,766,686	32,742,182	15,791,227	441,717,641
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Bridge/road network	151,677,892	8,941,801	642	160,619,693
Equipment	8,666,796	3,548,029	489,562	11,725,263
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	160,344,688	12,489,830	489,562	_172,344,956
Total Capital Assets	\$264,421,998	\$ 20,252,352	\$ 15,301,665	\$269,372,685
Depreciation expense was as follows:				
Bridges/road networks	\$ 8,941,801			
Equipment	3,548,029			
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 12,489,830			

Capital assets activities for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	December 31, 2004	Additions]	Reductions	December 31, 2005
Non-Depreciable Assets				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Land	\$129,604,374	\$ 15,470	\$	-	\$129,619,844
Infrastructure in progress	26,604,613	7,675,690		5,729,545	28,550,758
Depreciable Assets		. ,		,	- ",, " • •
Bridges/road network	232,446,393	8,294,575		-	240,740,968
Equipment	24,189,011	 1,921,669		255,564	25,855,116
Total at Historical Cost	412,844,391	17,907,404		5,985,109	424,766,686
Less Accumulated Depreciation				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Bridges/road network	143,229,234	8,448,658		-	151,677,892
Equipment	5,558,447	 3,363,913		255,564	8,666,796
Total Accumulated			******		
Depreciation	148,787,681	 11,812,571		255,564	160,344,688
Total Capital Assets	\$264,056,710	\$ 6,094,833	\$	5,729,545	\$264,421,998
Depreciation expense was as follows:					
Bridges/road networks	\$ 8,448,658				
Equipment	3,363,913				
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 11,812,571				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

E. BONDS PAYABLE

The following is a summary of bonds payable:

			Bonds			Bonds	
			Outstanding			Outstanding	
			(in			(in	
		_	thousands)			thousands)	Amounts
	Maturity	Interest	December			December	due within
<u>Bonds Payable</u>	<u>Dates</u>	Rate	31, 2005	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	31, 2006	one year
2003 series							
revenue		3.00%-					
bonds	2003-2024	5.25%	\$ 85,180	\$ -	\$ 4,635	\$ 80,545	\$ 4,865
2003 series					,	,	, -,
revenue							•
bonds	2025-2028	5.00%	29,390	_	·	29,390	_
2005A series			,			27,270	
revenue		4.00%-					
bonds	2005-2025	5.50%	59,490	_	895	58,595	930
2005A series			0,,.,0		0,5	50,575	930
revenue							
bonds	2026-2030	4.50%	12,825	_		12,825	
	principal payat		186,885		5,530		£ 70£
Loss on def		,10	(1,338)	-	•	181,355	5,795
			\$ 185,547	<u> </u>	(110)	(1,228)	(110)
Net bonds p	ayable		φ 100,34/	<u> Т</u>	<u>\$ 5,420</u>	<u>\$ 180,127</u>	\$ 5,685

Debt service requirements on bonds outstanding at December 31, 2006, are as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Principal</u>	<u> Interest</u>	Total
2007	\$ 5,795	\$ 9,137	\$ 14,932
2008	6,080	8,850	14,930
2009	6,375	8,548	14,923
2010	6,680	8,220	14,900
2011	7,025	7,863	14,888
2012-2016	36,280	33,247	69,527
2017-2021	44,035	21,784	65,819
2022-2026	26,870	12,469	39,339
2027-2030	42,215	3,173	45,388
	\$ 181,355	<u>\$ 113,291</u>	\$ 294,646

Defeasance of Series 2003 Bonds

In March 2005, the Commission issued \$72,645,000 Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A. The proceeds of the bonds were used to advance-refund \$32,165,000 of the Commission's Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. This refunding was done to achieve interest cost savings. Proceeds of the bonds were used to establish an irrevocable escrow account. Funds in the escrow account were invested in special direct obligations of the United States Treasury or other obligations of the United States government or its agencies. The escrow securities and their earnings are structured to pay the principal and interest on the refunded 2003 bonds as such payments become due, until the call dates of the respective refunded bonds, at which time the escrow account will pay the principal of the refunded bonds at a price of par plus accrued interest. Since these funds have been placed in an irrevocable trust, they are considered defeased for these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

E. BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Defeasance of Series 2003 Bonds (Continued)

The advance-refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$1.4 million. The accumulated loss on defeasance is reported as a contra-liability on the statement of net assets and is being charged to net assets using a method which approximates the effective interest method over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt. The accumulated capitalized loss on defeasance at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$1,228,070 and \$1,337,678, respectively.

Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (SWAP)

Objective of the swaps. In October of 2005, the Commission entered into two forward starting swaps with two counterparties to hedge against future interest rates. The intention of the swaps was to take advantage of the current historically low interest rate environment in advance of the issuance of bonds by the Commission (as authorized by its trust indenture) in 2007.

Terms. The swaps were entered into with Merrill Lynch Capital Services, Inc. ("MLCS") and Morgan Stanley Capital Services, Inc. ("MSCS"). The swaps will be effective on October 1, 2007, and will mature on July 1, 2032. On the trade date, MLCS and MSCS were both rated AA- by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"), a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, and Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). The swaps were priced at a fixed rate of 4.184% based on an amortizing notional schedule with a combined \$150,000,000 initial notional amount. Under the swaps starting October 1, 2007, the Commission pays a fixed rate of 4.184% and receives a variable payment equal to the Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index (the "BMA" Index). The bonds' variable-rate coupons, when issued, will be based on a remarketing rate that is highly correlated to the BMA Index. As part of the swap transactions, the Commission also purchased two interest rate swap insurance policies dated October 6, 2005, issued by MBIA Insurance Corporation for the account of the Commission, as principal, and the counterparties, as beneficiary. The insurance policies provide for risk mitigation and limit the need for the Commission to post eligible collateral.

Fair Value. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$4,939,632 and \$2,305,521, respectively. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the swap.

Credit Risk. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Commission was not exposed to credit risk because the swaps had a negative fair value. Should interest rates change and the fair value of the swaps become positive, the Commission would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the swaps' fair value. Agreed upon collateral threshold levels per the Credit Support Annex ("CSA") require collateral to be posted based on counterparty ratings as set forth in the CSA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

E. BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Bridge System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (SWAP) (Continued)

Termination Risk. The swaps are governed by the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events. The swaps also include an "Additional Termination Event" whereby the swaps may be terminated if the Insurer fails to issue the swap insurance policies on or before the effective date. In addition, the swaps may be terminated if the long-term, unenhanced rating on the bonds issued by the Commission is withdrawn, suspended or falls below Baa3 as determined by Moody's, or BBB- as determined by S&P. Furthermore, the swaps may be terminated if the counterparties' credit support provider fails to have any rated long-term, unsecured, unenhanced senior debt or if the rating of the senior debt is withdrawn, suspended or falls below Baa2 as determined by Moody's, or BBB as determined by S&P.

In connection with the aforementioned swaps, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements other than the prepaid cost of issuance of the swaps.

F. PENSION PLAN

The Commission contributes to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System (the "System"). The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined-benefit retirement system. The System was established by the Commonwealth to provide retirement, death, and disability benefits for employees of state government and certain independent agencies. Ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Article II of the Commonwealth's Constitution assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan to the General Assembly. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the retirement plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System, 30 North Third Street, P.O. Box 1147, Harrisburg, PA 17108-1147 or by calling 1-717-787-9657. Employees of the Commission are required to pay 5%-6.25% of their salaries into the System, and the Commission is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate is computed based upon actuarial valuations on the System's fiscal year end of December 31 and applied to the Commonwealth based on its fiscal year end of June 30. Therefore, the employer contribution rate in effect for the System's year end of December 31 reflects a blended average of calculated rates. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Commission are established and may be amended by the System's board of trustees.

The Commission also has three employees who participate in the Public Employees' Retirement System of New Jersey ("PERS"). PERS is a part of the Division of Pensions in the Department of the Treasury, State of New Jersey. PERS is funded annually based on the projected benefit method with aggregate level normal cost and frozen initial unfunded accrued liability. PERS, which covers public employees throughout the state, does not maintain separate records for each reporting unit, and accordingly, the actuarial data for the employees of the Commission who are members of PERS is not available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

F. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The Commission's pension contribution for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, was \$471,413 and \$309,273, respectively, which equaled the required contribution.

G. SELF INSURANCE

The Commission self-insures the risk for health insurance claims. In addition to the self-insured risk, the Commission carries a stop-loss policy that limits its exposure to a maximum of \$150,000 per plan year per individual and \$5,538,002 in the aggregate for all active and retired employees.

H. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Commission provides certain post-employment life and health insurance benefits to its employees if they retire while working for the Commission. In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 12 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "Disclosure of Information on Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits by State and Local Governmental Employers," expenditures for post-employment life and health insurance benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis and were approximately \$2,238,121 and \$1,705,022 in 2006 and 2005, respectively. Effective April 1, 1995, the Commission suspended post-employment life and health insurance benefits for all new hires (see Note K for summary of new accounting pronouncement).

As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, 119 and 120 retired employees, respectively, were eligible for both life and health insurance benefits. As of December 31, 2006, one other retired employee was eligible for health insurance benefits only. An additional 37 and 49 retired employees were eligible for life insurance benefits only as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, in a range of \$2,000-\$4,000 per person.

I. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Subsequent to the implementation of the toll rates' increase on November 30, 2003, the Trucker Toll Increase case had been filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania by the American Trucking Association, Inc., PA Motor Truck Association, NJ Motor Truck Association and Roadway Express (collectively, the "Truckers"). The suit was decided in favor of the Commission in February 2005. The Truckers filed an appeal, and in 2006, the court upheld the decision in favor of the Commission. The period within which the Truckers would be required to file an appeal to the United States Supreme Court expired in early 2007. The court's decision is now final and unappealable.

The Commission is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business, including claims for right-of-way acquisition, handicapped discrimination and hiring practices. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of these claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the Commission's financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

In 2004, the Commission established a \$40 million dollar program, which is included in restricted net assets, to provide funding for transportation infrastructure related projects in New Jersey and Pennsylvania communities that host its bridges. As of December 31, 2006, the Commission had committed \$32,591,610 in grants to municipalities participating in the Compact Authorized Investment ("CAI") program, of which \$32,023,269 was unexpended at December 31, 2006. Examples of appropriate projects that would be considered for funding under the CAI program include installation of upgrades to traffic signalization around Commission facilities, road widening in areas affected by Commission crossings, bicycle or pedestrian paths leading up to Commission facilities, park and ride facilities, safety lighting, and right of way renovation, protection or beautification.

In 2001, the Commission approved a 10-year, \$526 million Capital Improvement Program for the protection, preservation, management and enhancement of the 20 bridges it owns, maintains and operates. With the addition of the CAI program, along with additions and changes in the original projects, the Capital Improvement Program currently stands well in excess of the original amount. As of December 31, 2006, the Commission has approved more than \$211.9 million in contracts to study and improve various facilities and systems as part of that program. At December 31, 2006, the Commission had approved contracts that had not yet been completed or paid totaling approximately \$124.2 million.

In 2002, the Commission began the installation and operation of a new toll collection system which provided E-ZPass (electronic) toll processing on all of its seven toll bridges. The Commission has entered into a long-term contract to maintain its E-ZPass system hardware. The unpaid portion of the contract amounted to \$625,000. The system maintenance contract runs through July 2008.

J. ARBITRAGE RULES

The Commission is subject to certain arbitrage rules pursuant to current federal income tax law and in accordance with the Trust Indenture. Under these rules, interest earnings on certain investments of proceeds of the Commission's bonds are subject to the limitations imposed by the arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The Commission is required to rebate certain arbitrage profits on non-purpose investments at least once every five years. At December 31, 2006 and 2005, there were no material arbitrage profits subject to rebate.

K. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires that state and local governmental employers account for and report the annual cost of other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") and the outstanding obligations and commitments related to other postemployment benefits in the same manner as they currently do for pensions. Annual OPEB cost for most employers will be based on actuarially determined amounts that, if paid on an ongoing basis, generally would provide sufficient resources to pay benefits as they come due. The provisions of this statement do not require governments to fund their OPEB plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

K. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 45 also establishes disclosure requirements for information about the plans in which an employer participates, the funding policy followed, the actuarial valuation process and assumptions, and, for certain employers, the extent to which the plan has been funded over time.

The Commission is required to implement GASB Statement No. 45 for the year ending December 31, 2008.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF CASH AND EQUIVALENT BALANCES

December 31, 2006

General Reserve	\$ 19,409,327	,	\$ 19,409,327		General Reserve Find	\$	1	\$ 6,416,197
Debt Service Reserve Fund	\$ 15,158,414		43.818 \$ 24.200,094 \$ 2,103,664 \$ 5,601,746 \$ 15,158,414 \$ 19,409,327		Debt Service Reserve Fund	320		7.653 \$ 5.641.289 \$ 15.726.820 \$ 6.416,197
Debt Service Fund	\$ 5,601,746		\$ 5,601,746		Debt Service Fund	\$ 5,641,289	1	\$ 5,641,289
Reserve Maintenance Find	\$ 2,103,664		\$ 2,103,664		Reserve Maintenance Fund	\$ 7,653	T. C.	1
Construction Fund	\$ 24,200,094	*	\$ 24,200,094	, 2005	Construction Fund	\$ 4,721,947	Processor and the second secon	\$ 4,721,947
Clearing Fund	\$ 43,818			December 31, 2005	Clearing Fund	\$ 42,121	1	594,303 \$ 42,121 \$ 4,721,947 \$
Operating Fund	\$ 165,088	73,750	\$ 318,899 \$		Operating Fund	\$ 413,735 106,818	73,750	\$ 594,303
Revenue	4,797,305		\$ 71,633,267 \$ 4,797,305 \$		Reserve	\$ 2,548,796	F	\$ 35,699,126 \$ 2,548,796 \$
Total	\$ 66,682,151 4,877,366	73,750	\$ 71.633.267		Total	\$ 32,969,762 2,655,614	73,750	\$ 35,699,126
	Commerce Bank Wachovia Bank Petty cash and collectors' change	funds Total cash and	equivaieni balances			Commerce Bank Wachovia Bank Petty cash and collectors' change	funds Total cash and	balances

SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2006

	Inves	<u>tment Descripti</u>	ion			
Security <u>Description</u>	Face Value	Rate	Yield	Maturity Date	Cost	Market <u>Value</u>
FHLMCDN	\$ 5,000,000	0.00%	5.26%	01-26-07	\$ 4,962,127	\$ 4,983,500
FNMADN	5,000,000	0.00%	5.25%	01-26-07	4,959,308	4,983,500
FHLBDN	6,500,000	0.00%	5.27%	01-31-07	6,442,337	6,474,000
FHLBDN	5,000,000	0.00%	5.17%	02-28-07	4,938,964	4,960,000
FNMADN	6,500,000	0.00%	5.26%	02-28-07	6,420,420	6,448,000
FHLMCDN	5,000,000	0.00%	5.26%	03-06-07	4,935,289	4,956,000
FNMADN	5,000,000	0.00%	5.18%	01-26-07	4,959,308	4,983,500
FHLBDN	5,000,000	0.00%	5.27%	01-31-07	4,955,610	4,980,000
FNMADN	5,000,000	0.00%	5.28%	02-28-07	4,935,750	4,960,000
Total Cons	truction Fund				47,509,113	47,728,500
		O _I	perating Fund			
G .	Invest	<u>ment Descripti</u>	on			
Security Description	Face Value _	Rate	Yield .	Maturity Date	Cost	Market Value
FHLB	1,500,000	5.00%	5.03%	03-20-07	1,499,415	1,499,535
FHLMC	1,000,000	5.13%	5.12%	04-24-07	1,000,000	999,880
FHLB	1,000,000	5.26%	5.26%	10-19-07	1,000,000	999,380

Total Operating Fund

<u>3,499,415</u> <u>3,498,795</u>

SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2006

		Gene	ral Reserve Fur	nd		
	Inves	tment Description	on			
Security				Maturity		Market
<u>Description</u>	Face Value	Rate	Yield	Date	Cost	Value
PA INVEST	1,115,705	5.21%	5.21%	01-01-07	1,115,705	1,115,705
FNMA	3,400,000	5.00%	5.07%	01-15-07	3,397,960	3,400,000
FHLB	5,000,000	5.08%	5.08%	02-22-07	5,000,000	4,998,450
FHLMC	5,000,000	4.25%	4.63%	02-28-07	4,975,800	4,992,650
FHLB	5,000,000	4.25%	4.64%	03-09-07	4,974,150	4,990,650
FHLB	5,000,000	5.00%	5.03%	03-20-07	4,998,050	4,998,450
FHLB	5,000,000	4.50%	4.66%	04-17-07	4,989,063	4,990,650
FHLMC	4,000,000	4.50%	4.77%	04-18-07	3,985,080	3,990,840
FHLB	3,000,000	5.23%	5.23%	04-30-07	3,000,000	2,999,070
FHLB	5,000,000	4.50%	4.64%	05-21-07	4,989,550	4,987,500
FHLMC	9,000,000	3.55%	3.80%	06-22-07	8,998,594	8,930,340
FHLB	3,200,000	4.25%	4.32%	08-08-07	3,195,776	3,179,009
FNMA	3,000,000	4.25%	4.38%	08-08-07	2,992,500	2,982,180
FNMA	5,000,000	3.75%	3.87%	08-15-07	4,985,938	4,954,700
FHLB	5,000,000	3.76%	3.92%	09-07-07	4,981,250	4,950,000
FHLB	3,000,000	5.28%	5.28%	10-05-07	3,000,000	2,998,140
FHLB	4,000,000	5.25%	5.25%	10-05-07	4,000,000	3,997,520
FNMA	5,500,000	5.26%	5.26%	10-19-07	5,500,000	5,496,590
FHLB	5,000,000	5.22%	5.22%	12-05-07	5,000,000	4,993,750
FHLB	6,000,000	5.15%	5.15%	12-07-07	6,000,000	5,985,000
FNMA	5,000,000	4.90%	4.90%	12-27-07	5,000,000	4,982,800
FHLB	8,000,000	4.10%	4.10%	03-14-08	8,000,000	7,900,000
FHLB	6,000,000	5.32%	5.32%	04-10-08	6,000,000	5,994,360
FHLMC	5,000,000	5.20%	5.60%	05-27-08	4,990,950	4,999,250
FHLMC	5,000,000	5.50%	5.55%	06-13-08	4,995,250	5,002,350
FNMA	6,500,000	5.13%	5.18%	10-03-08	6,493,500	6,479,720
FHLMC	6,000,000	5.35%	5.53%	10-20-08	5,976,563	5,988,540
FNMA	5,000,000	5.50%	5.60%	11-17-08	4,988,850	4,996,900
FHLB	5,000,000	5.50%	5.50%	10-05-09	5,000,000	4,990,650
FHLB	5,000,000	5.55%	5.55%	10-19-09	5,000,000	4,993,750
Total Genera	al Reserve Fund				146,524,529	146,259,514
TT . 1 Y					0105 500 05	- 10,400,001 T

Total Investments

\$197,533,057 \$197,486,809

SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2005

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			struction Fun	d		
	Invest	<u>tment Descripti</u>	on			
Security				Maturity		Market
Description	Face Value	<u>Rate</u>	Yield	Date	Cost	Value
FHLMCDN	\$ 3,900,000	0.00%	3.82%	01-03-06	\$ 3,844,536	\$ 3,900,000
FNMADN	4,000,000	0.00%	3.91%	02-01-06	3,929,347	3,986,400
FHLBDN	3,900,000	0.00%	3.92%	02-10-06	3,827,737	3,882,840
FMCDN	7,600,000	0.00%	4.26%	03-03-06	7,541,062	7,546,800
FMCDN	7,600,000	0.00%	4.33%	04-18-06	7,497,856	7,503,480
FNMDN	7,600,000	0.00%	4.52%	05-15-06	7,471,471	7,476,880
FMCDN	5,000,000	0.00%	4.16%	01-31-06	4,949,814	4,984,000
FNMDN	5,000,000	0.00%	4.17%	02-01-06	4,949,063	4,983,000
FMCDN	5,000,000	0.00%	4.41%	03-06-06	4,932,071	4,965,000
FMCDN	5,000,000	0.00%	4.20%	03-07-06	4,931,575	4,962,500
FNDN	5,000,000	0.00%	4.41%	05-03-06	4,893,475	4,926,500
FMCDN	5,000,000	0.00%	4.45%	05-09-06	4,891,432	4,923,000
FMNDN	5,500,000	0.00%	4.55%	06-02-06	5,394,461	5,397,150
FMNDN	5,500,000	0.00%	4.64%	08-28-06	5,333,741	5,334,450
Total Cons	struction Fund				74,387,641	74,772,000
		0,5	erating Fund			
	Invest	ment Description				**************************************
Security	invest	ment Description)11	Motamita		3.6.1.7
Description	Face Value	Rate	Yield	Maturity Date	C	Market
FNMA	2,125,000	2.00%	1.68%	03-15-06	<u>Cost</u>	Value Value
FHLMC	1,000,000	2.27%	2.56%	03-13-06	2,128,320	2,113,716
	ating Fund	2.2770	2.3076	04-28-00	994,375	992,500
rour Oper	anig i una				3,122,695	3,106,216
		Reserve	Maintenance	Fund		
	Invest	ment Description				
Security				Maturity		Market
<u>Description</u>	Face Value	Rate	Yield	Date	Cost	Value
FHLB	2,000,000	4.70%	4.70%	12-29-06	2,000,000	2,000,000

SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2005

		Gene	<u>ral Reserve Fui</u>	nd				
	Inves	tment Descriptio	n					
Security				Maturity		Market		
Description	Face Value	Rate	<u>Yield</u>	Date	Cost	Value		
PA INVEST	1,067,105	3.64%	4.00%	01-01-06	1,067,105	1,067,105		
FHLB	2,100,000	5.38%	4.95%	02-15-06	2,100,000	2,101,323		
FHLB	3,875,000	2.24%	1.74%	06-23-06	3,884,688	3,832,608		
FHLB	4,000,000	2.29%	2.59%	07-28-06	3,965,000	3,947,520		
FHLB	3,000,000	2.55%	2.55%	08-23-06	3,000,000	2,960,640		
FHLB	2,000,000	2.60%	2.60%	09-01-06	2,000,000	1,973,120		
FHLB	2,000,000	2.80%	2.80%	10-16-06	2,000,000	1,970,620		
FHLB	3,000,000	3.22%	3.22%	12-29-06	3,000,000	2,955,000		
FHLB	5,000,000	4.25%	4.64%	03-09-07	4,974,150	4,970,300		
FHLB	5,000,000	4.50%	4.66%	04-17-07	4,989,063	4,981,250		
FHLB	5,000,000	4.50%	4.64%	05-21-07	4,989,550	4,982,800		
FHLB	3,200,000	4.25%	4.32%	08-08-07	3,195,776	3,171,007		
FHLB	5,000,000	3.76%	3.92%	09-07-07	4,981,250	4,921,900		
FHLB	8,000,000	4.10%	4.10%	03-14-08	8,000,000	7,887,520		
FHLMC	3,000,000	2.01%	2.04%	01-27-06	2,998,125	2,994,750		
FHLMC	3,000,000	2.34%	1.99%	04-28-06	2,985,938	2,978,460		
FHLMC	5,000,000	3.00%	3.11%	05-26-06	4,990,000	4,968,500		
FHLMC	3,500,000	2.50%	2.52%	08-09-06	3,498,359	3,456,110		
FHLMC	2,000,000	3.10%	3.10%	08-25-06	2,000,000	1,980,360		
FHLMC	2,000,000	2.65%	2.65%	10-12-06	2,000,000	1,969,040		
FHLMC	5,000,000	4.25%	4.63%	02-28-07	4,975,800	4,970,600		
FHLMC	4,000,000	4.50%	4.77%	04-18-07	3,985,080	3,979,920		
FHLMC	9,000,000	3.55%	3.80%	06-22-07	8,998,594	8,844,120		
FNMA	2,000,000	2.40%	2.50%	02-27-06	1,995,000	1,993,120		
FNMA	3,000,000	2.30%	1.99%	04-28-06	2,988,750	2,978,430		
FNMA	4,500,000	2.25%	1.99%	05-26-06	4,505,625	4,459,230		
FNMA	1,700,000	2.55%	2.55%	06-01-06	1,700,000	1,684,071		
FNMA	5,000,000	3.13%	3.13%	06-21-06	5,000,000	4,965,650		
FNMA	1,500,000	2.50%	2.51%	07-28-06	1,499,531	1,482,195		
FNMA	7,700,000	2.10%	2.10%	09-22-06	7,700,000	7,560,476		
FNMA	8,000,000	3.25%	3.30%	12-21-06	7,995,000	7,887,520		
FNMA	5,000,000	4.90%	4.90%	12-27-07	5,000,000	4,996,900		
FNMA	3,000,000	4.25%	4.38%	08-08-07	2,992,500	2,975,640		
FNMA	5,000,000	3.75%	3.87%	08-15-07	4,985,938	4,921,900		
	al Reserve Fund				134,940,822	133,769,705		
Total In	vestments				\$214,451,158	\$213,647,921		

SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS

Year Ended December 31, 2006 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2005)

	T Year Ended	Total Year Ended December 31,							
	2005	2006	Trenton- Morrisville Bridge	New Hope- Lambertville Bridge	1-78 Bridge	Easton- Phillipsburg Bridge	Portland- Columbia Reidee	Delaware Water Gan Bridge	Milford- Montague
Cash toll revenues Tickets token refinds	\$ 35,703,480	\$ 32,728,041	\$ 3,481,659	\$ 836,806	\$ 13,017,051	\$ 3,773,937	\$ 732,128	\$ 10,276,162	\$ 610,298
Cash toll shortage	(31,769)	(14,056)	(12,601)	(6,051)	1,750	592	(474)	3,195	(467)
E-ZP ass discounts and allowances	(665,377)	48,132,808 (855,950)	3,786,238 (162,783)	1,276,694 (61,967)	21,442,101 (292,576)	5,216,112 (135,849)	88/,249 (31,655)	12,958,348 (141,105)	586,046 (30,015)
Miscellaneous revenues	136,902	143,117	667 600 0	2.056	135,454	331		5.276	
Onerating and maintenance expenses	(7,421,400	80,133,960	9,092,333	7,047,538	34,305,780	8,855,123	1,587,248	23,101,876	1,165,862
Salaries and wages									
Toll	3,692,002	3,923,744	511,109	361,484	899,331	540,302	323,394	1,050,071	238,053
Maintenance	2,750,414	2,753,005	388,116	267,647	641,696	437,369	185,839	568,446	263,892
Clerical	755,855	835,827	104,998	83,005	156,746	141,351	79,422	190,979	79,326
Supervision	2,525,012	2,579,098	492,068	202,561	498,224	501,313	224,005	451,735	209,192
Total salaries and wages	9,723,283	10,091,674	1,496,291	914,697	2,195,997	1,620,335	812,660	2,261,231	790,463
Social security taxes	744,819	769,781	115,309	72,474	166,364	122,652	61,787	171,435	59,760
Retirees' costs	1,059,479	1,381,796	220,568	129,746	304,903	207,594	103,797	317,878	97,310
Pension contributions	185,217	287,924	43,402	33,205	900'19	44,996	21,103	63,840	20,372
Group insurance	2,547,367	3,054,902	478,497	275,077	683,127	480,255	208,714	704,207	225,025
Heat, light and power	517,323	538,926	134,968	86,400	83,794	87,002	39,117	59,291	48,354
Office expenses	62,128	83,613	7,144	16,532	12,806	12,660	10,238	12,137	12,096
Operating supplies and expenses	1,339,302	1,134,199	189,032	124,983	210,642	171,192	90,211	245,821	102,318
Education, conference and communication									
expenses	91,709	91,706	34,096	11,448	11,303	10,235	8,376	11,554	10,694
Uniforms	45,962	48,133	6,949	1,632	8,976	10,925	215	6,040	10,396
E-ZPass operating expenses	2,802,136	3,407,877	637,107	184,805	933,406	573,781	108,750	855,879	114,149
State police bridge security	2,020,882	2,913,565	656,011	122,694	735,747	487,079	93,821	710,327	107,886
Maintenance supplies and expenses									
Automotive	175,887	226,139	36,210	46,207	56,958	10,494	10,611	46,027	19,632
Buildings and grounds	251,049	209,414	51,565	44,791	35,752	27,874	12,560	13,004	23,868
Toli collecting equipment	64,057	45,393	11,240	4,111	4,900	7,853	2,527	11,934	2,828
Roadways, sidewalks and approaches	388,847	325,788	53,594	27,317	86,260	61,235	13,965	23,290	60,127
Insurance	1,647,136	1,985,148	293.703	207,035	633,016	225,566	131,034	400,009	94,785
Total Operating and Maintenance	,								
Expenses	23,666,583	26,601,978	4,468,686	2,303,154	6,224,957	4,161,728	1,729,486	5,913,904	1,800,063
Net revenues from toll bridges before state police bridge security, administrative expenses and									
toll-supported bridge expenses	55,754,823	53,551,982	\$ 4,623,847	\$ (255,616)	\$ 28,078,823	\$ 4.693.395	\$ (142,238)	\$ 17.187.972	\$ (634.201)
Administrative expenses	6,737,800	7,118,477	1					H	
Foll-supported bridge expenses	6,442,417	7.319.251							
Net operating revenues	\$ 42,574,606	\$ 39,114,254							

SCHEDULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Year Ended	December 31,
	2006	2005
Salaries and wages	\$ 3,630,079	\$ 3,271,542
Social security taxes	267,568	240,629
Trustee and paying agents' fees	19,271	13,209
Pension contributions	97,904	66,403
Group insurance	787,282	644,000
Retirees' costs	382,751	285,813
Unemployment compensation	78,761	7,702
Heat, light and power	291	390
Office expenses	235,905	251,092
Operating supplies and expenses	204,857	209,033
Travel and meeting expenses	6,937	5,695
Education, meeting and conference expenses	118,784	97,149
Automotive repairs and expenses	208	1,896
Buildings and grounds maintenance	-	878
Professional services and legal expenses	877,763	1,228,240
Advertising	38,665	21,941
Insurance	371,451	392,188
	<u>\$ 7,118,477</u>	\$ 6,737,800

SCHEDULES OF TOLL-SUPPORTED BRIDGE EXPENSES

		Year Ended	December 31,	
		2006		2005
		Southern	Northern	
		Division	Division	
	Total	Bridges	Bridges	Total
Salaries and wages	\$ 3,225,704	\$ 1,752,336	\$ 1,473,368	\$ 3,162,993
Social security taxes	243,436	131,728	111,708	241,916
Pension contributions	85,585	47,044	38,541	57,654
Group insurance	1,057,247	588,244	469,003	866,837
Retirees' costs	473,573	259,492	214,081	359,730
Heat, light and power	62,854	38,747	24,107	61,791
Office expenses	17,084	9,207	7,877	13,742
Operating supplies and expenses	14,915	11,034	3,881	7,452
Education and conference expenses	1,065		1,065	716
Uniforms	30,172	20,153	10,019	16,819
State police bridge security	1,047,767	775,264	272,503	721,876
Maintenance supplies and expenses				ŕ
Automotive	13,030	783	12,247	10,693
Buildings and grounds	9,764	7,381	2,383	4,849
Roadways, sidewalks and				,
approaches	107,250	79,028	28,222	46,305
Insurance	914,805	613,628	301,177	854,044
Civil claim	15,000	15,000		15,000
	<u>\$ 7,319,251</u>	<u>\$ 4,349,069</u>	<u>\$ 2,970,182</u>	<u>\$ 6,442,417</u>

SCHEDULE OF TOLL BRIDGE TRAFFIC AND REVENUES

Years Ended December 31, 2006 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2005)

	Portland- Delaware Milford- g Columbia Water Gap Montague Bridge Bridge		1,237,480 8,638,001 1,3	30,459 162,425	4 10.109 96.420 5.204	8,819 64,103	33,736 1,126,772	559 20.535	- 42	1351 13	1.321.174 10.10		4 \$ 844,285 \$ 5,885,077 \$ 892,629	0 147,005 783,019 117,842	7 80.112 752.231 41.281	92.684 657.315	444.415 14.758.307	8,946 317,846	2,369		7 253 28,826 289	3 184 990 1 106 345	10010101010101010101010101010101010101	
	Easton- Phillipsburg	 	7 5,707,890	166,731	64,384		(4			170	6.241.4		\$ 3,830,614	803,340	504,377		က်				3,637	8 989 496		
	I-78 Bridge		7,703,207	236,641	106,263	129,880	1,936,664	42,331	6	1 510	10.156.505		\$ 5,230,861	1,138,510	831,594	1,322,308	25,285,683	648,966	333		31.271	34 489 526		(
	New Hope- Lambertville Bridge		1,737,396	55,933	30,822	6,736	27,167	789	•	49	1.858.892		\$ 1,155,177	270,542	240,899	162,69	356,459	12,380	•		927	2,106,175		(04)
	Trenton- Morrisville Bridge		6,854,645	182,005	78,446	57,810	193,925	1,769		128	7.368,731		\$ 4,637,943	872,407	611,420	597,900	2,515,344	27,708	23		2,524	9.265.269		
Total d December 31,	2006		33,190,771	858,549	391,648	320,643	3,572,288	72,285	54	3.235	38.4(\$ 22,476,586	4,132,665	3,061,914	3,293,901	46,698,496	1,115,387	2,725	:	67,727	80,849,401		VIOR 1817
Total Year Ended December 3	2005	******	32,216,911	842,174	375,712	295,790	3,563,813	68,714	80	3.134	37,366,328		\$ 21,941,988	4,062,533	2,942,929	3,042,728	46,726,090	1,065,045	4,013	4	65,553	79,850,879		(420,472)
		Number of Vehicles Crossing Toll Bridges, by Class	Passenger Cars, Vans and Pickups	I wo-Axle Trucks, Buses and Tractors Three-Axle Trucks, Buses, Tractor and	Trailer	Four-Axle Trucks, Tractor and Trailer	Five-Axle Trucks, Tractor and Trailer	Six-Axle Trucks, Tractor and Trailer	Vehicles Requiring Special Permits Seven-or-More-Axle Tracks Tractor	and Trailer	Total Number of Vehicles	Toll Revenues of Vehicles Crossing Toll Bridges, by Class	Passenger Cars, Vans and Pickups	Two-Axle Trucks, Buses and Tractors Three-Axle Trucks, Buses, Tractor and	Trailer	Four-Axle Trucks, Tractor and Trailer	Five-Axle Trucks, Tractor and Trailer	Six-Axle Trucks, Tractor and Trailer	Vehicles Requiring Special Permits	Seven-or-More-Axie 1 rucks, 1 ractor	and Irailer Total Toll Devenies from	Vehicles	E-ZPass discounts and allowances and	other adinetments



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System

We have audited the financial statements of Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

WARREN A. BROUDY, CPA*, CGFM DONALD F. COHWAY, CPA*

CONRAD L. DRUKER, CPA

Esmond S. Druker, CPA

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- * CPA USA NETWORK
- * American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
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- * NEW YORK SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
- * Pennsylvania Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION
- * CENTER FOR PUBLIC COMPANY AUDIT FIRMS
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- An Independently Owned Member of the RSM McGladrey Network

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission - Bridge System's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, bond resolutions, and compact, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the finance committee, the Board of Commissioners, management, the Trustee, and others within the Commission and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 13, 2007